Embassy of India Tokyo ***

Documents & Protocol relating to the Revised Procedure for re-entry of Indian Nationals to Japan

Documents required to Re-enter Japan from India in August for all foreigners

Timing of Derature from Japan	caterogy	Passport	Valid Re- entry Pemit*	Negative certificate	Confirmati on letter by EOJ				
On or before May 26	4 Categories	0	0	×	×				
	Approved by EOJ/EOI as Humanitarian case	0	0	×	×				
	All others excluding above 2 Categories	0	0	0	0				
On or after May 27	Approved by EOJ/EOI as Humanitarian case	0	0	×	×				
	All	0	0	0	0				

Documents required to Re-enter Japan from India after September 1 for all foreigners

Timing of Derature from Japan	caterogy	Passport	Valid Re- entry Pemit*	Negative certificate	Confirmati on letter by EOJ
ALL	ALL	0	0	0	0

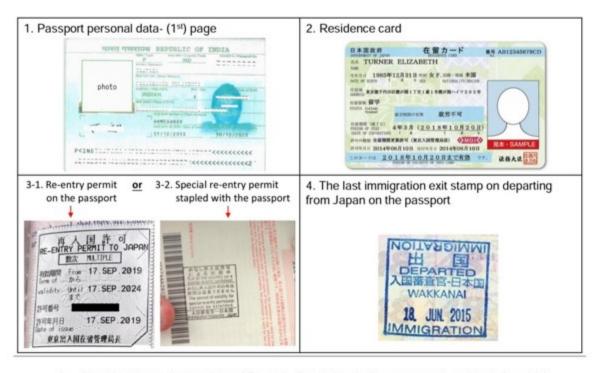
^{*}Notwithstanding the above, except for permanent residents, the immigration officer will need to re-verify the validity of each person's re-entry permits upon arrival in Japan. Therefore, the necessary documents to do this (a valid reentry permit sticker on your passport, or, your embarkation card in case a special re-entry permit stamp is stamped on it) as well as a valid Residence Card (Zairyu card) Must be carried by all passengers

- If there is a re-entry permit sticker on the passport, the date is shown on the sticker.
- In the case of special re-entry permit, there is a stamp on the embarkation card. Expiration date is whichever is the shorter period of stay between 1) one year after the last date of departure from Japan, and 2) the period of stay indicated on the Residence Card (Zairyu Card).
- No one (other than permanent residents) can re-enter Japan if the re-entry permit has expired.

^{**}Expiration date of Re-entry Permit (excluding permanent residents for which there is no expiration date)

<<Protocol for Checking Permission-to-board Flight to Japan for Indian and non-Japanese nationals at the Check-in Counter>> (Valid only until August 31, 2020)

 Check and make sure that the passenger has a valid passport and re-entry permit, as every individual needs to have these to re-enter Japan. (Re-entry permit is either stamped on the passport or it is stamped on embarkation card.)



- Checking the expiration date of Re-entry Permit (excluding permanent residents for which there is no expiration date)
- If there is a re-entry permit sticker on the passport, the date is shown on the sticker.
- In the case of special re-entry permit, there is a stamp on the embarkation card. Expiration date is whichever is the shorter period of stay between 1) one year after the last date of departure from Japan, and 2) the period of stay indicated on the Residence Card (Zairyu Card).
- No one (other than permanent residents) can re-enter Japan if the re-entry permit has expired.
- Check the passenger's status of residence on the Residence Card (Zairyu Card).
 - If the status printed on the person's Zairyu card is any of the four following statuses, the person should be allowed to board the plane even if the person does not have a COVID negative certificate and a confirmation letter from Embassy of Japan.
 - (1) Permanent Resident
 - (2) Spouse or Child of Japanese National
 - (3) Spouse or Child of Permanent Resident
 - (4) Long Term Resident

- If the passenger does not fall under the above four categories, then check the "list of passengers who have submitted self-declaration forms to the Embassy of Japan / Embassy of India".
 - The authentic list will be provided by the Embassy of Japan through MEA in due course, but well before the departure date.
 - If the passenger appears in this list, he or she should be allowed to board the plane even if he or she does not have a COVID negative certificate and a confirmation letter from Embassy of Japan. (In other words; all the passengers in the said list are to be allowed to board.)
- 4. All other passengers must carry a COVID negative certificate and a confirmation letter from Embassy of Japan to board the plane.
