<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Event</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The Visit of the Prime Minister of India Shri Narendra Modi to Japan</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(11-12 November 2016)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Participation at the Funeral Ceremony of HIH Prince Mikasa</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anniversary celebrations of MOD and JSDF</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5th India-Japan Dialogue on Africa</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fashion World Tokyo</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Meeting with State Minister for Foreign Affairs H.E. Mr. Nobuo Kishi</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Duck Netting Party at the Saitama Wild Duck Preserve</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ambassador’s Talk at the United Nations University, Tokyo</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Visit of Army Delegation</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MOFA tour to Sendai</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reception of the 27th Meeting of the Energy Charter Conference</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Constitution Day Celebrations</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>High School Students Summit on “World Tsunami Awareness Day”</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Visit of Indian Scientists’ Association in Japan (ISAJ)</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Visit of TEPCO officials</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Visit to Tsukuba Space Center at JAXA</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Visit to the National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science and</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Technology (AIST), Tsukuba</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Address at the International Friendship Exchange Council (FEC)</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6th International Friendly Run at Odaiba Tokyo</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Commonwealth Remembrance Day</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80 member delegation of Young Entrepreneur School (YES)</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VCC Yoga, Tabla and Dance Workshop</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bengali Play by TUFS students</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A brief introduction to Constitution of India</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Healthcare Industry in India</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mumbai – a popular tourist destination in India</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Profile: West Bengal</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trade Fairs &amp; Business Exhibitions in India in December 2016 –</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>February, 2017</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trade Queries from India</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Photo Gallery</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The Visit of the Prime Minister of India Shri Narendra Modi to Japan (11-12 November 2016)

H.E. Mr. Narendra Modi, Prime Minister of the Republic of India, was on an official visit to Japan at the invitation of H.E. Mr. Shinzo Abe, Prime Minister of Japan for the 11th annual bilateral Summit Meeting since 2006. This was the eighth meeting between the two Prime Ministers since Prime Minister Modi assumed office in 2014.

Prime Minister Modi had an audience with His Majesty the Emperor. He met prominent industrialists and members of the India-Japan Business Leaders Forum followed by an address at a business luncheon organized by Keidanren, Japan Chamber of Commerce and Industry and Japan India Business Cooperation Committee. Prime Minister Modi received former PM H.E. Yoshiro Mori, as well as Foreign Minister H.E. Fumio Kishida and Minister of Economy, Trade and Industry H.E. Hiroshige Seko.

On the second day of his visit, Prime Minister Modi and Prime Minister Abe travelled on the Shinkansen to Kobe. An MoU between the state of Gujarat and Hyogo Prefecture was signed in Kobe. Apart from a luncheon event at Hyogo House, the two Prime Ministers together visited the Kawasaki Rolling Stock factory in Kobe that manufactures the Shinkansen. India is the first country in the world to have signed on to introduce the Shinkansen on the Mumbai-Ahmedabad sector in western India. Prime Minister Modi departed for India later that evening after attending an Indian community event at Kobe.

Prime Minister Modi and Prime Minister Abe held wide-ranging consultations on 11 November 2016, in Tokyo, during which they undertook a comprehensive review of the Special Strategic and Global Partnership. They acknowledged the significant progress in bilateral relations over the past two years since Prime Minister Modi’s visit to Japan in August-September 2014. Following their meeting, the two Prime Ministers issued a Joint Statement and a Fact Sheet.

The two Prime Ministers appreciated the deep civilisational links between the people of the two countries, including the common heritage of Buddhist thought, and underscored their shared commitment to democracy, openness, and the rule of law as key values to achieve peaceful co-existence. They welcomed the high degree of convergence in the political, economic and strategic interests of the two countries that provides an enduring basis for a long-term partnership.

Japan participated for the first time this year as a regular member in the successful Malabar naval exercises held off the coast of Sasebo was welcomed by India. Dialogue between all the three defense services provides a platform for closer cooperation, particularly in the field of maritime security, humanitarian assistance and disaster relief. Promoting regional connectivity is a common objective, as is the creation of an inclusive, balanced and open regional architecture in the Indo-Pacific region.

The two Prime Ministers condemned terrorism in the strongest terms in all its forms and manifestations in the spirit of “zero tolerance”. They expressed their condolences to the bereaved families of the victims of both countries in the recent terrorist attacks including in Dhaka and in Uri in the state of Jammu & Kashmir in India. They called upon all countries to implement UN Security Council Resolution 1267 and other relevant resolutions designating terrorist entities, and to work to eliminate terrorist safe havens and infrastructure, their networks and financing channels, including the cross-border movement of terrorists.

During the visit, 10 Agreements/MoUs/MoCs were signed/exchanged in a wide range of areas, including cooperation in the peaceful uses of nuclear energy, manufacturing skill transfer programme, outer space, marine, earth and atmospheric science and technology, agriculture and food related industry, transport and urban development, textiles, cultural exchange and sports.
The Agreement for Co-operation in the Peaceful Uses of Nuclear Energy concluded between India and Japan on 11 November 2016 reflects the high degree of mutual trust and confidence between India and Japan. The Agreement would contribute to the construction of civilian nuclear power plants in India and enable it to meet its clean energy targets. It is expected to provide opportunities for Japan to participate in India’s civil nuclear programme as also help foster cooperation in basic and applied research regarding the peaceful uses of nuclear energy and nuclear safety.

The Indian economy offers unparalleled opportunities to Japanese companies to participate in flagship programmes including Make in India, Digital India, Skill India, Smart Cities and Industrial Townships and Corridors. India is now Japan’s largest ODA partner. Japanese companies stand to benefit from low-cost manufacturing and the ample pool of competent human resources in India. The JBIC Surveys in the last two years have consistently ranked India as the most preferred medium-term destination for Japanese manufacturing companies. Today, Japan is the 4th largest investor in India. Japan’s role in skills development, education and training programmes in India will benefit a large and youthful workforce, and provide a steady stream of human resources to cater to the needs of the growing Japanese economic presence in India.

The MOC on the Manufacturing Skill Transfer Promotion Programme envisages training 30,000 Indian youth in the Japanese styled manufacturing in the next 10 years to be achieved through the programmes of Japan-India Institute for Manufacturing (JIM) and the Japanese Endowed Courses (JEC) in select Engineering colleges. This would contribute to Government of India initiatives such as “Skill India” and “Make-in-India.”

People-to-people exchanges are on the rise. There are growing links between Japan’s prefectures and states in India. The list of stakeholders in our deepening engagement is growing. There is consensus across the political spectrum in both countries on building closer ties. With a view to promoting and facilitating greater travel for business and leisure, India has recently extended ‘Visa-on-arrival’ facility, ten-year business visas and e-Tourist visas to Japanese travelers.

As Prime Minister Modi said in his address to Keidanren, India and Japan will have to continue to play a major role in Asia’s emergence. Together, India and Japan can promote peace and prosperity across the large expanse of Asia and Africa.

“Even if we lose the wealth of thousands, and our life is sacrificed, we should keep smiling and be cheerful keeping our faith in God and Truth.” – Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel
Participation at the Funeral Ceremony of HIH Prince Mikasa

Ambassador H.E. Sujan R. Chinoy visited Imperial Palace on 31 Oct and signed the condolence book on the demise of HIH Prince Mikasa and also attended the funeral ceremony on 04 November. Members of the Imperial family, including HIH Crown Prince Naruhito and HIH Crown Princess Masako, as well as HE Prime Minister Abe were among the mourners attending the ritual, called the "renso no gi" rite, at the Toshimagaoka Cemetery.

Anniversary celebrations of MOD and JSDF

Ambassador H.E. Sujan R. Chinoy attended the Anniversary celebrations of the Ministry of Defense and Japan Self-Defense Forces on 01 November. Defence Minister HE Tomomi Inada delivered welcome remarks on the occasion.

5th India-Japan Dialogue on Africa

The 5th India-Japan Dialogue on Africa was held in Tokyo on 4 November. The Indian delegation was led by Dr. Neena Malhotra, Joint Secretary (East & Southern Africa Division) and the Japanese side was led by Mr. Norio Maruyama, Director General of African Affairs. The two sides discussed the prospects of bilateral co-operation in Africa including exploring specific joint projects in the areas of training and capacity building, health, infrastructure and connectivity in Africa.

Fashion World Tokyo

Ambassador H.E. Sujan R. Chinoy attended Fashion World Tokyo held on 8 November at Tokyo Big Sight. The event had 49 exhibitors, including Council For Leather Exports from India which was led by Mr. Sanjay Kumar, Regional Director, and Mr. Manoj Tuli, Leather Garment Convener.

Meeting with State Minister for Foreign Affairs H.E. Mr. Nobuo Kishi

Ambassador H.E. Sujan R. Chinoy met the State Minister for Foreign Affairs H.E. Mr. Nobuo Kishi on 16 November and had a general exchange of views on strengthening bilateral relations and regional issues of mutual interest.

Duck Netting Party at the Saitama Wild Duck Preserve

Ambassador HE Sujan R. Chinoy at the invitation of the Imperial Household attended a Duck Netting Party at the Saitama Wild Duck Preserve on 16 November.

Ambassador’s Talk at the United Nations University, Tokyo

Ambassador H.E. Sujan R. Chinoy delivered a talk on 17 November on India-Japan Relations in a Changing Global Context at the United Nations University, Tokyo under UNU Ambassadors Lecture Series.

Visit of Army Delegation

Ambassador H.E. Sujan R. Chinoy received an Indian Army delegation led by Maj. Gen. Arvind Dutta, AVSM, VSM on 22 November. The delegation participated in the 4th Army to Army Staff talks between Indian Army and JGSDF held in Tokyo from 23-25 November.

MOFA tour to Sendai

Ambassador H.E. Sujan R. Chinoy participated in a tour organized by MoFA in Sendai on 23 November, as part of their new initiative titled the “Local to Global” Project that aims to promote the attractiveness of regional areas of Japan worldwide. Foreign Minister H.E. Fumio Kishida, other high-level officials of MOFA and foreign diplomats stationed in Japan participated in the tour.
Reception of the 27th Meeting of the Energy Charter Conference

Ambassador H.E. Sujan R. Chinoy attended the reception hosted by Foreign Minister H.E. Fumio Kishida on the occasion of the 27th Meeting of the Energy Charter Conference on 25 November.

Constitution Day Celebrations

Constitution Day was celebrated at the VCC Auditorium on 25 November. Ambassador H.E. Sujan R. Chinoy led the reading of the Preamble of the Constitution in English and Hindi, which was followed by cultural performances themed around Constitution by the school students. Performance items included a play on the fundamental rights and duties of Indian citizens, a recitation of the song “Aao Milkar” praising the constitution and nation of India, and a series of energetic dance performances. All students performed to great applause from the audience of over 120 students, teachers, parents and officers of the Embassy. At the end of the programme, books of Dr. Ambedkar, Chairman of the Constitution Drafting Committee were presented to each of the participating schools.

High School Students Summit on “World Tsunami Awareness Day” in Kuroshio


Visit of Indian Scientists’ Association in Japan (ISAJ)

Dr. Sunil Kaul, Chairman, Indian Scientists’ Association in Japan (ISAJ) along with Dr. Alok Singh, Vice-Chairman and Prof. Kedar Mahapatra, General Secretary ISAJ, called upon Ambassador H.E. Mr. Sujan R. Chinoy to brief him about the activities of ISAJ and extended a formal invitation to him for inaugurating and delivering the Inaugural Address at the 7th ISAJ Symposium entitled “India-Japan Symposium on Science and Technology for Sustainability” to be held on 15 December, 2016 at Embassy Auditorium.

Visit of TEPCO officials

Ambassador HE Sujan R. Chinoy received officials of TEPCO on 28 November for an overview briefing on the current status of Fukushima Daichi nuclear power plant.

Visit to Tsukuba Space Center at JAXA

Ambassador HE Sujan R. Chinoy visited Tsukuba Space Center at JAXA on 29 November to exchange views on space cooperation following the MOU signed between ISRO and JAXA during the recent visit of the Prime Minister of India to Japan.

Visit to the National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology (AIST), Tsukuba

Ambassador H.E. Shri Sujan R. Chinoy visited the National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology (AIST), Tsukuba on 29 November. He held discussions on ways to enhance India-Japan S&T Cooperation with Dr Toshihiko Kanayama, Senior Vice-President, and other senior officials of AIST. He was warmly welcomed by the Indian students carrying out research at DAILAB. He was also given a tour of the ‘Tsukuba Science Square’ located at AIST.

Address at the International Friendship Exchange Council (FEC) Luncheon Meeting

2016- Ambassador HE Sujan R. Chinoy addressed members of International Friendship Exchange Council (FEC) on India-Japan Relations on 30 November at a luncheon meeting hosted by Mr. Ken Matsuzawa President of FEC.

6th International Friendly Run at Odaiba Tokyo

Embassy of India, Tokyo, led by Mr. Amit Kumar, Deputy Chief of Mission, participated at the 6th International Friendly Run on 13 November at Odaiba Tokyo. The event was organized by NPO Active
Middle International Association and supported by Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan and Tokyo Government, to promote international exchanges and understanding through running. A part of the proceeds of the event are donated to the Great East Japan Earthquake Relief Effort.

Commonwealth Remembrance Day

Commonwealth Remembrance Day was held on 13 November at the Commonwealth War Cemetery in Hodogaya, to honour the memory of Commonwealth servicemen and servicewomen who fell during the two World Wars and other conflicts. Defence Attaché Captain Himadri Bose laid a wreath on behalf of the Indian Embassy at the memorial service.

80 member delegation of Young Entrepreneur School (YES)

FS (Eco) gave a talk to an 80-member delegation of Young Entrepreneur School (YES) on 14 November at the Sunshine City Convention Center, Tokyo. The delegation was headed by Mr. V. Neethi Mohan, Chairman and Managing Director of Vaighai Comp of Industries, Tamil Nadu. The delegation of YES was in Japan to understand Japan’s business environment and have interactions with Japanese SMES.

VCC Yoga, Tabla and Dance Workshop

Registration for the January – June 2017 Semester for cultural courses at the Vivekananda Cultural Centre, Embassy of India will be held between 5th and 16th December. On 17 November, a special yoga, tabla and dance workshop was held at the VCC Auditorium by VCC instructors to reach out to prospective students for the coming semester. Yoga teacher Dr Hemant Sharma, dance teachers Ms. Kyoko Nobi, Ms. Kazuko Yasunobu and Tabla teacher Mr. Shigeru Moriyama gave lectures and demonstrations on Yoga, Indian dances and Tabla. The workshop also featured performances and demonstrations involving current students. More than 90 prospective students attended and enjoyed the programme.

Bengali Play by TUFS students

The Second Year Students of Tokyo University of Foreign Studies Bengali Department enacted Samapti, a Bengali play written by Indian Nobel Laureate Rabindranath Tagore 19 November. Ms. Muanpuii Saiawi, Director VCC represented the Embassy and attended the very entertaining performance by TUFS students.

“Educationists should build the capacities of the spirit of inquiry, creativity, entrepreneurial and moral leadership among students and become their role model” – Dr. A.P.J. Abdul Kalam
A brief introduction to Constitution of India

India ie. Bharat is a Union of States. It is a Sovereign Socialist Democratic Republic with a parliamentary system of government. The Republic is governed in terms of the Constitution of India which was adopted by the Constituent Assembly on 26th November 1949 and came into force on 26th January 1950.

The Constitution provides for a Parliamentary form of government which is federal in structure with certain unitary features. The constitutional head of the Executive of the Union is the President. As per Article 79 of the Constitution of India, the council of the Parliament of the Union consists of the President and two Houses to be known as the Council of States (Rajya Sabha) and the House of the People (Lok Sabha). Article 74(1) of the Constitution provides that there shall be a Council of Ministers with a Prime Minister as its head to aid and advise the President, who shall exercise his functions in accordance to the advice. The real executive power is thus vested in the Council of Ministers with the Prime Minister as its head.

The Council of Ministers is collectively responsible to the House of the People (Lok Sabha). Every State has a Legislative Assembly. Certain States have an upper House called State Legislative Council. Governor is the Head of a State. There shall be a Governor for each State and the executive power of the State shall be vested in him. The council of Ministers with the Chief Minister as its head advises the Governor in the discharge of the executive functions. The Council of the Ministers of a state is collectively responsible to the Legislative Assembly of the State.

The Constitution distributes legislative powers between Parliament and State legislatures as per the lists of entries in the Seventh Schedule to the Constitution. The residual powers vest in the Parliament. The centrally administered territories are called Union Territories.

Preamble

WE, THE PEOPLE OF INDIA, having solemnly resolved to constitute India into a SOVEREIGN SOCIALIST SECULAR DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC and to secure to all its citizens:

JUSTICE, social, economic and political;

LIBERTY of thought, expression, belief, faith and worship;

EQUALITY of status and of opportunity;

and to promote among them all

FRATERNITY assuring the dignity of the individual and the unity and integrity of the Nation;

IN OUR CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY this twenty-sixth day of November, 1949, do HEREBY ADOPT, ENACT AND GIVE TO OURSELVES THIS CONSTITUTION.

--------

The Constitution of India is available at http://indiacode.nic.in/coiweb/welcome.html

“A great man is different from an eminent one in that he is ready to be the servant of the society” - B. R. Ambedkar
Healthcare Industry in India

Introduction

Healthcare has become one of India’s largest sectors - both in terms of revenue and employment. Healthcare comprises hospitals, medical devices, clinical trials, outsourcing, telemedicine, medical tourism, health insurance and medical equipment. The Indian healthcare sector is growing at a brisk pace due to its strengthening coverage, services and increasing expenditure by public as well private players.

Indian healthcare delivery system is categorised into two major components - public and private. The Government, i.e. public healthcare system comprises limited secondary and tertiary care institutions in key cities and focuses on providing basic healthcare facilities in the form of primary healthcare centres (PHCs) in rural areas. The private sector provides majority of secondary, tertiary and quaternary care institutions with a major concentration in metros, tier I and tier II cities.

India's competitive advantage lies in its large pool of well-trained medical professionals. India is also cost competitive compared to its peers in Asia and Western countries. The cost of surgery in India is about one-tenth of that in the US or Western Europe.

Market Size

The overall Indian healthcare market is worth around US$ 100 billion and is expected to grow to US$ 280 billion by 2020, a Compound Annual Growth Rate (CAGR) of 22.9 per cent. Healthcare delivery, which includes hospitals, nursing homes and diagnostics centres, and pharmaceuticals, constitutes 65 per cent of the overall market. The Healthcare Information Technology (IT) market which is valued at US$ 1 billion currently is expected to grow 1.5 times by 2020.##

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu India has predicted that with increased digital adoption, the Indian healthcare market, which is worth around US$ 100 billion, will likely grow at a CAGR of 23 per cent to US$ 280 billion by 2020.

Over 80 per cent of the antiretroviral drugs used globally to combat AIDS (Acquired Immuno Deficiency Syndrome) are supplied by Indian pharmaceutical firms^.

There is a significant scope for enhancing healthcare services considering that healthcare spending as a percentage of Gross Domestic Product (GDP) is rising. Rural India, which accounts for over 70 per cent of the population, is set to emerge as a potential demand source.

India requires 600,000 to 700,000 additional beds over the next five to six years, indicative of an investment opportunity of US$ 25-30 billion. Given this demand for capital, the number of transactions in the healthcare space is expected to witness an increase in near future. The average investment size by private equity funds in healthcare chains has already increased to US$ 20-30 million##.

A total of 3,598 hospitals and 25,723 dispensaries across the country offer AYUSH (Ayurveda, Yoga & Naturopathy, Unani, Siddha and Homoeopathy) treatment, thus ensuring availability of alternative medicine and treatment to the people.

The Indian medical tourism industry is pegged at US$ 3 billion per annum, with tourist arrivals estimated at 230,000. The Indian medical tourism industry is expected to reach US$ 6 billion by 2018, with the number of people arriving in the country for medical treatment set to double over the next four years. With greater number of hospitals getting accredited and receiving recognition, and greater awareness on the need to develop their quality to meet international standards, Kerala aims to become India’s healthcare hub in five years.
Investments

The hospital and diagnostic centres attracted Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) worth US$ 3.59 billion between April 2000 and March 2016, according to data released by the Department of Industrial Policy and Promotion (DIPP).

Some of the major investments in the Indian healthcare industry are as follows:

- Cisco Systems Inc has entered into an agreement with Bengaluru-based healthcare services provider Narayana Health, to deliver affordable specialty healthcare services to patients remotely in various parts of the country using its Virtual Expertise Digital Solution.

- TPG Growth, the growth equity investment platform of TPG Global, has acquired a majority stake in Rhea Healthcare, which runs a chain of mother and child care centres under the brand Motherhood, for Rs 220 crore (US$ 33 million).

- CureFit, a healthcare platform started by has raised US$ 15 million from Accel Partners, IDG Ventures and Kalaari Capital on the day of its inception.

- Aster DM Healthcare, one of the leading healthcare group headquartered in Dubai, plans to invest Rs 600 crore (US$ 88.94 million) in various Kerala-based healthcare projects over the next three years.

- Aster DM Healthcare, a Dubai-based healthcare conglomerate, has acquired 25 per cent stake in Ramesh Hospitals, a multispecialty chain headquartered in Vijayawada, in a deal worth Rs 110 crore (US$ 16.31 million).

- AddressHealth, a primary healthcare network, has raised US$ 1.5 million in series A round of funding led by Gray Matters Capital, which will be used to expand its model of school-based neighbourhood clinics and school health programmes in Bengaluru.

- PurpleHealth.com, a digital health and wellness platform, which aims to provide a seamless interface to consumers to choose medical practitioners, has raised US$ 100,000 from technology investor Katabole Technology Venture.

- Versante Software Technologies, an Indian subsidiary of US-based IT consulting and software engineering services company Versante Technologies LLC, is in the process of raising US$ 1 million in its first round of external funding by March 2016, the proceeds of which would be used for initial promotion, and pan-India marketing and distribution of hand-held and portable patient care devices.

- Abraaj Group, a Dubai based Private Equity (PE) investor, is set to buy a majority stake in an Indian firm Quality CARE India Ltd, which runs CARE Hospitals.

- Qatar-based Non-resident Indian’s (NRI) including medical professionals and businessmen, are planning to set up a huge world-class healthcare project in Kochi worth Rs 1,300 crore (US$ 192.71 million)

- American multinational technology and consulting corporation, IBM has announced that Manipal Hospitals’ corporate and teaching facilities will adopt ‘Watson for Oncology’, a cognitive computing platform trained by Memorial Sloan-Kettering that analyses data to identify evidence-based treatment options, helping oncologists to provide cancer patients with individualised healthcare.

- Apollo Hospitals Enterprise (AHEL) plans to add another 2,000 beds over the next two financial years, at a cost of around Rs 1,500 crore (US$ 222.36 million).
• Malaysia-based IHH Healthcare Berhad has agreed to buy 73.4 per cent stake in Global Hospitals Group, India's fourth-largest healthcare network, for Rs 1,284 crore US$ 192.84 million.

• Temasek Holdings Pte Limited acquired the entire 17.74 per cent stake of Punj Lloyd Limited in Global Health Private Limited, which owns and operates the Medanta Super Specialty Hospital in Gurgaon.

• CDC, a UK based development finance institution, invested US$ 48 million in Narayana Hrudayalaya, a multi-speciality healthcare provider. With this investment, Narayana Health will expand affordable treatment in eastern, central and western India.

• Apollo Health and Lifestyle Limited (AHLL), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Apollo Hospitals Enterprise, acquired Nova Specialty Hospitals at an estimated cost of Rs 135-145 crore (US$ 20-21 million).

• IHH Healthcare Berhad acquired a controlling 51 per cent equity stake in Hyderabad-based Continental Hospitals Limited for about approximately US$ 45.4 million.

• Sanofi-Synthelabo (India) Limited invested Rs 90 crore (US$ 13.34 million) in Apollo Sugar Clinics Limited (ASCL), a unit of its subsidiary Apollo Health and Lifestyle Limited.

• Carlyle Group acquired a stake in Metropolis Healthcare Limited, an operator of pathology laboratories in India, for an undisclosed sum.

• San Francisco-based Fitbit Inc., a fitness-tracking device maker, has launched its fitness wristbands across 300 towns in India and expects the country to be among its top five markets in next two years.

• Home healthcare service provider Portea Medical has raised Rs 247 crore (US$ 36.62 million) in Series-B funding from investors including Accel Partners, International Finance Corporation, Qualcomm Ventures and Ventureast.

• Practo Technologies Pvt. Ltd, India’s largest online doctor discovery company, has acquired hospital information management solution provider Insta Health Solutions for US$ 12 million which will help Practo get access to more than 500 hospitals across 15 countries.

• Attune Technologies Private Limited, a Chennai-based healthcare technology firm, has raised US$ 10 million in a Series B funding from Qualcomm Ventures and Norwest Venture Partners in order to expand its digital healthcare solutions from the current 200 hospitals and laboratories to 25,000 such facilities globally.

• Pluss, a Gurgaon based on-demand medicine and healthcare products delivery service start-up, has raised US$ 1 million in pre-Series A funding from IDG Ventures, India; M & S partners, Singapore and Powerhouse Ventures, US. The company would use the funding to upgrade its technology and expand presence in five cities.

**Government Initiatives**

India's universal health plan that aims to offer guaranteed benefits to a sixth of the world's population will cost an estimated Rs 1.6 trillion (US$ 23.72 billion) over the next four years.

Some of the major initiatives taken by the Government of India to promote Indian healthcare industry are as follows:

• The government has announced that 3,000 Jan Aushadhi Stores (JAS) will be opened under Pradhan Mantri Jan Aushadhi Yojana (PMJAY) across the country by the end of March 2017.
The Ministry of Science & Technology has launched the innovative and indigenously developed fecal incontinence management system 'Qora', which was developed by M/s. Consure Medical under Department of Biotechnology (DBT), Ministry of Science & Technology supported Bio design Programme.

The Union Cabinet has approved signing of an agreement with the World Health Organisation (WHO) under which WHO will develop technical documents on traditional medicines which is expected to lead to better acceptance of Indian systems of medicines at an international level.

The NITI Aayog (National Institute for Transforming India) seeks to bring reforms in India’s public health system like outsourcing primary healthcare to private doctors and promoting competition between government and private hospitals at the secondary level.

Provisions made in the Union Budget 2016-17:

- National Dialysis Services Programme to be initiated to provide dialysis services in all district hospitals to accommodate the increasing demand for dialysis session
- A new health protection scheme for health-cover up to Rs 1 lakh (US$ 1,504) per family.
- Setting up 3,000 medical stores across the country to provide quality medicines at affordable prices.
- Senior citizens will get additional healthcare cover of Rs 30,000 (US$ 441) under the new scheme
- Pradhan Mantri Jan Aushadhi Yojana to be strengthened, 3000 generic drug store to be opened
- Government of West Bengal has introduced G1 Digital Dispensary, which aims to provide people from rural areas access to primary healthcare services.
- A unique initiative for healthcare 'Sehat' (Social Endeavour for Health and Telemedicine) has been launched at a government run Common Service Centre (CSC) to empower rural citizens by providing access to information, knowledge, skills and other services in various sectors through the intervention of digital technologies and fulfilling the vision of a 'Digital India'.
- India and Sweden celebrated five years of Memorandum of Understanding (MoU). The cooperation in healthcare between India and Sweden will help in filling gaps in research and innovative technology to aid provisioning of quality healthcare.
- Mr J P Nadda, Union Minister for Health & Family Welfare, Government of India has launched the National Deworming initiative aimed to protect more than 24 crore children in the ages of 1-19 years from intestinal worms, on the eve of the National Deworming Day.
- Under the National Health Assurance Mission, Prime Minister Mr Narendra Modi’s government would provide all citizens with free drugs and diagnostic treatment, as well as insurance cover to treat serious ailments.
- All the government hospitals in Andhra Pradesh would get a facelift with a cost of Rs 45 crore (US$ 6.67 million), besides the establishment of 1,000 generic medical shops across the State in the next few months.
- Mission Indradhanush launched by Mr JP Nadda aims to immunize children against seven vaccine preventable diseases namely diphtheria, whooping cough, tetanus, polio, tuberculosis, measles and hepatitis B by 2020. Government has set a target of 95 per cent immunisation cover by end of 2016.
The E-health initiative, which is a part of Digital India drive launched by Prime Minister Mr. Narendra Modi, aims at providing effective and economical healthcare services to all citizens. The programme aims to make use of technology and portals to facilitate people maintain health records and book online appointments with various departments of different hospitals using eKYC data of Aadhaar number.

**Road Ahead**

India is a land full of opportunities for players in the medical devices industry. The country has also become one of the leading destinations for high-end diagnostic services with tremendous capital investment for advanced diagnostic facilities, thus catering to a greater proportion of population. Besides, Indian medical service consumers have become more conscious towards their healthcare upkeep.

India’s competitive advantage also lies in the increased success rate of Indian companies in getting Abbreviated New Drug Application (ANDA) approvals. India also offers vast opportunities in R&D as well as medical tourism. To sum up, there are vast opportunities for investment in healthcare infrastructure in both urban and rural India.

Exchange Rate Used: INR 1 = US$ 0.0149 as on September 27, 2016

**References:** Department of Industrial Policy and Promotion (DIPP), RNCOS Reports, Media Reports, Press Information Bureau (PIB), Union Budget 2016-17

Note: # - as per National Association of Software and Services Companies (NASSCOM), ## - as per Price Water House Coopers, - According to Mr J P Nadda, Minister of Health and Family Welfare

Courtesy://www.ibef.org

"Like timidity, bravery is also contagious." - Munshi Premchand
Mumbai – a popular tourist destination in India

Fast Facts

Temperature:
Summer: 33.3-22.7°C
Winter: 29.5-19.4°C

Best Season:
Throughout the year

Clothing: Tropical

Languages spoken: Marathi, Hindi and English,

STD Code: 022

Gateway of India
Juhu Beach
Marine Drive
Haji Ali Dargah
Mumbai is a fascinating city, a compact mix of the traditional and the modern. A lively and varied place, this waterfront city, also the capital of Maharashtra, boasts a vibrant and cosmopolitan identity. Few cities in the world leave the tourists with such vivid impressions, whether it's the glitz and glamour of 'Bollywood', the spectacular array of Victorian buildings of the British Raj, the seaside rendezvous on the Juhu Beach, or the maze of alleyways and lively streets of Mumbai.

For many tourists, however, its world-class museums and galleries - notably the superb Chhatrapati Shivaji Maharaj Vastu Sangrahalay, with its collection of the antiquities, - are reason enough to visit. This blend of old and new worlds makes for a fascinating exploration of the city's streets. An orientation of Mumbai is best begun from the Gateway of India, the most famous colonial landmark. While Mumbai itself could take a lifetime to explore, it's also ideal as a base for visiting beautiful rock-cut Shiva temple on Elephanta Island - a short trip by launch across the harbor offering some respite from the frenetic activity of the city.

**Sights to See in Mumbai**

**Bombay Natural History Society**

Established in 1883, The Bombay Natural History Society is a famous NGO engaged in conservation and biodiversity research.

**Chhatrapati Shivaji Terminus**

The Chhatrapati Shivaji Terminus, formerly known as Victoria Terminus in Mumbai, is an outstanding example of Victorian Gothic Revival architecture in India, blended with themes deriving from Indian traditional architecture. The Chhatrapati Shivaji Terminus, now in the UNESCO World Heritage List, is the westernmost end point of the Central Railways of India.

**Chhatrapati Shivaji Maharaj Vastu Sangrahalay**

One of Mumbai's finest example of Victorian architecture, the building was built to commemorate King George V's visit to Mumbai (while still Prince of Wales). Designed by George Wittet and completed in 1923, it is undoubtedly one of India's finest museums and houses treasures, artefacts, paintings and sculpture from the many periods covering India's history, including the Indus Valley Civilization.

**Gateway of India**

Mumbai's most striking monument, it was also designed by George Wittet. It has an imposing gateway arch in the Indo-Saracenic style with Gujarati and Islamic elements such as wooden carvings. It was built to commemorate the visit of King George V and Queen Mary to India in 1911. This area is also the departing point for ferries plying to Elephanta Island and other beaches across the port. Behind it is the beautiful old (and new) structure of the Taj Mahal Hotel.

**Global Vipassana Pagoda**

A peaceful haven for meditators, Global Vipassana Pagoda is the world's largest pillar-less dome with a capacity to seat 8,000 peoples. In it are also enshrined Buddha's genuine relics, thus becoming the first such pagoda in India after King Ashoka's era. The Pagoda radiates peace and harmony and encourages one and all to learn Vipassana to transform oneself into a peaceful, powerful and pure person, based on the experience of millions around the world.

**Mahalaxmi Temple**

The Mahalaxmi Temple is a popular sacred site. Dedicated to Mahalaxmi, it is situated at one end of Breach Candy - a trendy residential and shopping area, now known as B. Desai Road.
Jehangir Art Gallery

Adjacent to the Prince of Wales Museum, this gallery is the showcase for contemporary art. The displays change regularly. Outside is the Artist's Plaza with more paintings on display and sale.

National Gallery of Modern Art (NGMA)

This is the former Cowasji Jehangir Hall, of the Institute of Science. It has been renovated to serve as a four-storey exhibition hall, displaying the best of Indian contemporary art. Open daily except Monday, from 10 am to 5 pm.

Marine Drive and Chowpatty Beach

Chowpatty Beach is a teeming mass of people, vendors, masseurs and roadside restaurants with its specialties being bhel puri and kulfi. Across the Chowpatty Beach area is the Taraporewala Aquarium. Marine Drive is also referred to as the Queen's Necklace because of the dramatic line of street lamps lit up at night.

Mahatma Jyotiba Phule Market (Crawford Market)

A busy market area, this is best visited early on in the day. The fruits and vegetable section offers the best of produce. Depending on when you visit, the fruits of the season are always a good buy.

Haji Ali Mosque

Haji Ali Shrine Further along the seashore, at the end of a long pathway surrounded by seawater is the shrine dedicated to Haji Ali, a Muslim saint. Access is only at low tide via the pathway.

Flora Fountain

The Flora Fountain stands on the site of the old church gate of the Bombay Fort, now a major crossroad named Hutatma Chowk. It was erected to honor Sir Bartle Frere, a former governor of Bombay and named after the Greek goddess Flora

Mani Bhavan

This simple and charming museum was where Mahatma Gandhi stayed during his visits to Mumbai between 1917 and 1934. Gandhi's room and belongings including his books are on display. Mani Bhavan is situated on Laburnam Road, near the August Kranti Maidan, where the 'Quit India' movement was launched in 1942. Open daily from 9.30 am to 6 pm

Siddhivinayak Temple

Located in the Prabha Devi area of Mumbai, this popular temple dedicated to Ganesh was rebuilt on the site of a 200-year old temple. Built of black stone, the idol of Ganesh is two and a half feet in height and two feet in width. An unusual feature of the statue is that the trunk turns to the right, not often found on Ganesh idols. Tuesday is the main day of darshan and puja, but this temple is frequented by hundreds of devotees every day.

Juhu Beach

This suburban beach is great favorite with Mumbaites, and has plenty to offer everyone. Like Marine Drive's Chowpatty, Juhu 'Chowpatty' is a vendor's delight with innumerable food counters. It is a wonderful place to bring kids, as it doubles up as an amusement park, play ground, and open-air restaurant. An unusual sight at this beach is the camel ride, which is both fun and popular.

Dr. Bhau Daji Lad Museum (Victoria & Albert Museum)

Formerly known as the Victoria & Albert Museum, it houses archaeological finds, maps and photographs which depict the history of Mumbai. Address :Dr. Bhau Daji Lad Sanghralaya, 91 / A, Rani Baug, Veer Mata Jijabai Bhosle Udyan, Dr. B. A. Road, Byculla - (East), Mumbai – 400027. Tel:
Excursions from Mumbai

Elephanta Caves (9 Km)

Across the Mumbai Harbor, lie the seventh-century rock-cut temples of Elephanta. Once known as Gharapuri, or the Fortress City, the caves are now designated as a World Heritage Site and visited by hundreds of tourists. The Portuguese renamed this island Elephanta after a large stone elephant found near the shore (the elephant sculpture collapsed in 1814, when the British relocated it to the Victoria Gardens now Mumbai's zoo, where it still stands).

Sanjay Gandhi National Park and Kanheri Caves

Sanjay Gandhi National Park and Kanheri Caves 104 sq. km of green hills and forests, this protected area lies near the northern suburb of Borivali. In fact the park was formerly known as the Borivali National Park. There is a Lion Safari Park 500 m inside the entrance and safari rides run daily except Monday from 9 am to 5 pm. The park is also well known for the 109 Kanheri Caves, built between the 2nd and 9th centuries as viharas (monasteries) and chaityas (prayer halls).

Marve, Manori and Gorai (40 km)

North of Mumbai and away from its bustling crowds and pollution are these three beaches that have become popular havens for city's beleaguered fun lovers. Marve, the closest and the quietest is a lovely little fishing village. There are some beautiful bungalows and up-scale homes belonging to the city's wealthy used mainly as weekend getaways. Low hills along the beach offer you extraordinary views of sunrise and sunset. Gorai and Manori, a little further away, are more crowded with revellers and are famous for all night beach parties.

Bassein (77 Km)

Bassein Fort, now in ruins, was a thriving fortified city from 1534 to 1739 under the Portuguese. The ruins of the Portuguese Fort still stand almost hidden by brushwood and palm groves. Some of the walls and churches can still be seen. About 10 km to the north-west lies Nalasopara village, the capital of the Konkan region from 1500 BC to AD 1300. Many Buddhist relics were discovered here. Nalasopara is believed to have been the birthplace of the Buddha in a previous life. To the north, is the Agar of Agashi and to the south is the Agar of Bassein. An hour drive from Bassein station is the Vajreshwari Temple and Akoli Hot Springs. Also easily accessible is Ganeshpuri with the Sadguru Nityanand Maharaj Samadhi Mandir, the Bhimeshwar Temple and other ashrams.

Matheran (131 km)

Set in the midst of a stunning landscape on the Western Ghats at an altitude of around 800 m, the place is an eco-sensitive region. With 38 designated look-out points and miles of quiet walks here, Matheran attracts many tourists. A trip to this charming hill station from Neral on the mountain train provides one of the most scenic train journeys in India.

Lonavala & Khandala (101 km)

Located in the western ranges of the Sahyadris, the twin hill resorts of Lonavala and Khandala stand at the top of any tourist's list. Set in the midst of a dramatic landscape comprising verdant mountains and waterfalls these popular hill stations will surely captivate you.

Alibag (108 km)

A natural abode for travellers, Alibag is a small seaside town on the Konkan coast. Serving as the headquarters of the Raigad district, it is used as convenient base for visiting Kihim and Nagaon beaches and also the Kolaba Fort, a marine fort which is approachable only during low tide. You can
enjoy leisurely walks, exploring the different attractions of the place. Magen Aboth Synagogue is one of the highlights of Alibag.

**Murdū (165 km)**

Formerly the capital town of the Sidis of Janjira, Murud is today popular for its alluring beach and an ancient sea fort - the Janjira Fort. Roha (68 Km) on the Konkan Railway is the nearest railhead. One of the most impregnable forts, the 300 year old Janjira Fort is accessible via Rajpuri (3 km) from where boat services are available.

**Karnalā Fort & Bird Sanctuary (61 km)**

12 km from Panvel, on the Mumbai-Pune Highway, Karnala is a birdwatchers’ paradise offering a sight of variety of bird species. About 150 species of birds have been spotted here, 30 of which are migratory.

**Reaching Mumbai**

**By Air**

Mumbai is a major international gateway to India with several international carriers operating regular flights to and via Mumbai, connecting it with major cities of the world. City’s domestic airport is connected by flights with most cities and towns in India.

**By Rail**

Mumbai is the headquarters for the Western, Central & Konkan Railways. Regular train services connect Mumbai with all major towns and cities in India. There are five major railway terminals in the city - Chhatrapati Shivaji Terminus - CST (formerly Victoria Terminus), Mumbai Central, Dadar, Kurla & Bandra Terminus.

**By Road**

Mumbai is an important junction on the National Highway network of the country. National Highway Nos. 3,4,6,8,9 and 17 radiate from the city and connect it with all the major towns and cities in India.

Mumbai is:

- 392 km from Aurangabad
- 543 km from Ahmedabad
- 998 km from Bangalore
- 1313 km from Chennai
- 2836 km from Kolkata
- 1460 km from Delhi
- 597 km from Goa
- 868 km from Nagpur
- 178 km from Nashik
- 170 km from Pune

**Courtesy:** [https://www.incredibleindia.org](https://www.incredibleindia.org), [http://www.mapsofindia.com](http://www.mapsofindia.com)

“Unlike a drop of water which loses its identity when it joins the ocean, man does not lose his being in the society in which he lives. Man's life is independent. He is born not for the development of the society alone, but for the development of his self.” - B. R. Ambedkar
West Bengal is situated in eastern India and shares its borders with Jharkhand, Bihar, Odisha, Sikkim and Assam. The state also shares international borders with Bangladesh, Bhutan and Nepal. The Bay of Bengal is in the south of the state.

West Bengal is India's sixth largest economy, and recorded a gross state domestic product (GSDP) of US$ 140.56 billion in 2015-16. The state's GSDP expanded at a compound annual growth rate (CAGR) of 10.57 per cent from 2004-05 to 2015-16. Agriculture is the chief occupation in the state and contributed 18.8 per cent to the GSDP in 2014-15. West Bengal is the largest producer of rice in India. Rice production for the state totalled 16.1 million tonnes in FY 2015-16. West Bengal is also the largest fish producing state in India. During 2015-16, the state produced a total of 1.63 million tonnes of fish in comparison with a produce of 1.61 million tonnes during 2014-15. As of June 2016, West Bengal had a total installed power generation capacity of 9,988.4 megawatt (MW).

West Bengal is the second largest tea-producing state in India. During 2014-15, it produced 329.3 million kg of tea, accounting for 27.8 per cent of India's total tea production and is home to the globally acclaimed Darjeeling tea variety. Total tea production in West Bengal from April-September 2015 stood at 211.1 million kilograms. Kolkata is the prime centre for India's jute industry. The state stands first in the country in terms of jute production. In 2015-16, the state produced around 2.38 million tonnes of sugarcane and 3.1 million tonnes of fruits. West Bengal is also a leading exporter of leather and has about 666 manufacturing units producing leather and leather goods. About 22-25 per cent of India's tanning activity is undertaken in Kolkata.

Its location advantage makes the state a traditional market for eastern India, the Northeast, Nepal and Bhutan. It is also a strategic entry point for markets in Southeast Asia. The cost of operating a business is lower in Kolkata than in other metropolitan cities.

West Bengal has abundant natural resources of minerals and suitable agro-climatic conditions for agriculture, horticulture and fisheries. It is in vicinity to mineral rich states like Jharkhand, Bihar and
Odisha. It offers excellent connectivity to the rest of India in terms of railways, roadways, ports and airports.

The state (including Sikkim and Andaman & Nicobar Islands) has attracted Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) equity inflows worth US$ 3.93 billion during the period April 2000 to March 2016, according to data released by Department of Industrial Policy and Promotion (DIPP).

West Bengal has also made a beginning in information technology (IT) sector. By 2015-16, eight IT parks are expected to start operating in the state. In addition, seven new IT parks are expected to start in the state over the next five years. West Bengal stands 11th among Indian states in rankings based on ease of doing business and reforms implementation, according to a study by the World Bank and KPMG.

**Key Sectors:**

- MSME industries are considered to create maximum employment opportunities for the youth in the state as the sector has maximum elasticity of labour output. Over last five years, there has been an increase in bank credit across the MSME sector, which has led to an increase in the investments as well as employment opportunities. Government of West Bengal proposed allocation of US$ 118.82 million for Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises & Textiles Department, during 2016-17.

- The natural resources, policy incentives and infrastructure in the state support investments in major sectors such as iron and steel, biotechnology, coal, leather, jute products, tea, IT, gems and jewellery. The state has 3,000 acres of land at its disposal to set up industries.

- Climatic conditions suitable for cultivation of tea and jute have made West Bengal a major centre for these products and related industries.

Courtesy://www.ibef.org

“All that we are is the result of what we have thought. The mind is everything. What we think we become.” – Gautama Buddha.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SN</th>
<th>Event</th>
<th>Organizer</th>
<th>Product Profile</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Co-hosted by Department of Heavy Industry</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>LED Expo December 2-4, 2016</td>
<td>Messe Frankfurt Trade Fairs India Pvt. Ltd.</td>
<td>International Trade Fair on LED Products and Technology</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><a href="http://led-expo-newdelhi.in.messefrankfurt.com/newdelhi/exhibitors/welcome.html">http://led-expo-newdelhi.in.messefrankfurt.com/newdelhi/exhibitors/welcome.html</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>INDIA ITME 2016 December 3-8, 2016</td>
<td>India ITME Society</td>
<td>International Trade Fair for Textile Machinery</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Petrotech 2016 December 5-7, 2016</td>
<td>Indian Oil Corporation</td>
<td>International Exhibition and Conference on Petrochemicals</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><a href="http://www.petrotech.in">http://www.petrotech.in</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>IFSEC India 2016 December 8-10, 2016</td>
<td>UBM India</td>
<td>International Trade Fair on Security and Fire Safety</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><a href="http://www.ifsec.events/india/">http://www.ifsec.events/india/</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>29th Industrial India Trade Fair December 23, 2016 – January 01, 2017</td>
<td>Bengal National Chamber of Commerce &amp; Industry (BNCCI)</td>
<td>International Industrial Exhibition</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><a href="http://www.indiatradefair.org/index.html">http://www.indiatradefair.org/index.html</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Travel &amp; Tourism Fair Chennai January 06-08, 2017</td>
<td>First Media Limited</td>
<td>International Trade Fair for Travel and Tourism</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><a href="http://www.ttfotm.com">http://www.ttfotm.com</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Vibrant Gujarat Global Summit 2017 January 10-13, 2017</td>
<td>Industrial Extension Bureau (INDEXTb)</td>
<td>International Industry Exhibition</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><a href="http://www.esiexpo.in">http://www.esiexpo.in</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Travel &amp; Tourism Fair Bengaluru January 11-13, 2017</td>
<td>First Media Limited</td>
<td>International Trade Fair for Travel and Tourism</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><a href="http://www.ttfotm.com">http://www.ttfotm.com</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Event Name</td>
<td>Dates</td>
<td>Organizing Authority</td>
<td>Website Link</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------------------------</td>
<td>------------------------------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>India Rubber Expo 2017</strong></td>
<td>January 19-21, 2017</td>
<td>All India Rubber Industries Association</td>
<td><a href="http://indiarubberexpo.in">http://indiarubberexpo.in</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Tooltech</strong></td>
<td>January 26 – February 1, 2017</td>
<td>Indian Machine Tool Manufacturers’ Association</td>
<td><a href="http://www.imtex.in">http://www.imtex.in</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>IFEX 2017</strong></td>
<td>February 3-5, 2017</td>
<td>The Institute of Indian Foundrymen</td>
<td><a href="http://www.ifexindia.com">http://www.ifexindia.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>43rd IHGF Delhi Fair Spring</strong></td>
<td>February 16-20, 2017</td>
<td>Export Promotion Council for Handicrafts</td>
<td><a href="http://www.epch.in">http://www.epch.in</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>ChemTECH World Expo 2017</strong></td>
<td>February 14-17, 2017</td>
<td>Chemtech Foundation</td>
<td><a href="http://www.chemtech-online.com">http://www.chemtech-online.com</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# Trade Queries from India

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S/N.</th>
<th>Company Name</th>
<th>Commercial Interest</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Mr. Anil Shukla M/s Nero international D 903 ROYAL Hsg Soc Aad Nagar No2 Castle Mill Naka Thane West Thane THANE MAHARASHTRA 400601 Mob: 8652267770 E-MAIL: <a href="mailto:anil.shukla28@yahoo.com">anil.shukla28@yahoo.com</a> <a href="mailto:neerointernational@gmail.com">neerointernational@gmail.com</a></td>
<td>Absorbent Surgical Cotton, Wight flour, wheat flour</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Mr. Prasad Kulkarni M/s Trade Link Internatonal</td>
<td>Fresh fruits/vegetable, Textile and food</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Mr. Siddarth Jani M/s Vinayak Exim&quot;BOSCH HOUSE&quot; 1 St Floor, Ayodhyapuri Main Road, 14 Savsar Ploat Corner,, Morbi, Savsar Plot, Sardar Nagar, Morbi, Gujarat 363641 e-mail <a href="mailto:vinayakexims03@gmail.com">vinayakexims03@gmail.com</a></td>
<td>Onion and spices</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Mr. P. Ramesh M/s Sri All Indian Exporters 23, Velammal lay out, Sengunthapuram Karur 639 001 India Tel No. 098-430-31484 e-mail: <a href="mailto:kru_allinia@bsnl.in">kru_allinia@bsnl.in</a></td>
<td>Home textiles</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>Mr. Ravi Shanker Bansal M/s Ravis International Tel No. 91-84-4710-7158, 91-99-5320-6740 e-mail: <a href="mailto:ravishankerbansal99@gmail.com">ravishankerbansal99@gmail.com</a></td>
<td>Garments</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>Mr. Rajesh Menghani M/s Al Rabih Steel Trading Co., Ltd. Sharjah Industrial Area No. #11, P.O. Box 28377, Sharjah, U.A.E Tel No. 971-6-534-5033, Fax: 971-6-534-5044 e-mail: <a href="mailto:rajesh@alrabihsteel.com">rajesh@alrabihsteel.com</a></td>
<td>Rice, wheat, spices, pipes, coil, steel and hot rollers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.</td>
<td>Mr. Ankit B. Palaiya M/s Ethic International Pvt. Ltd. M/s Ethic International Pvt. Ltd. 28, Jay Bhavani Society, Krishna Residency Road, Ambatalwadi, Katargam, Surat 395-004 e-mail: <a href="mailto:ethicint@gmail.com">ethicint@gmail.com</a></td>
<td>Ladies wear, major apparel, Onion, Potato and fruits ceramic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.</td>
<td>Mr. Ghanshyam Bhuva M/s Omex Overseas Plot No. 75Varachha road surat, Gujarat, India Tel No. 91-98-7911-7206 e-mail: <a href="mailto:omexovereses1@gmail.com">omexovereses1@gmail.com</a></td>
<td>Cummin Seed &amp; henna</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.</td>
<td>Mr. Urvish Patel M/s Eagle International 117, Rupal- I, Manhar Dyeing Mills Phase, Udhna Magdalla Road, Udhna, Surat-395010, Gujarat- INDIA Mobile No. +91-98241-60777 E-Mail:- <a href="mailto:eagle.internationalu@gmail.com">eagle.internationalu@gmail.com</a> Skype:- eagle.international2 urvish.patel58</td>
<td>Wheat flour , coriander and cumin seeds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.</td>
<td>Mr. R. Natesan M/s Akshara Polymerss M/s Akshara Polymerss</td>
<td>Guar Gum</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| 12. | Mr. Anil Shukla  
M/s Nero international  
D 903 ROYAL Hsg Soc Aad Nagar No2 Castle Mill  
Naka Thane West Thane THANE MAHARASHTRA  
400601; Mob: 8652267770  
E-MAIL: anil.shukla28@yahoo.com; neerointernational@gmail.com | Absorbent Surgical Cotton, Wight flour, wheat flour |

"You have to dream before your dream can come true." – Dr. A.P.J. Abdul Kalam
Photo Gallery

Signing of MOU between the state of Gujarat and Hyogo prefecture

Prime Minister Modi’s audience with His Majesty the Emperor

Prime Minister Modi & Prime Minister Shinzo Abe aboard the Shinkansen Bullet train.

Prime Minister Modi & Prime Minister Shinzo Abe in the bilateral Meeting.
Prime Minister Modi addresses the Indian Community in Kobe.

Prime Minister Modi at the Keidanren Luncheon Event.

Ambassador H.E. Sujan R. Chinoy met Army delegation led by Major General Arvind Dutta AVSM VSM.

Ambassador H.E. Sujan R. Chinoy visits JAXA.

Ambassador H.E. Sujan R. Chinoy in Constitution Day Celebrations.
Ambassador H.E. Sujan R. Chinoy with Mr. Ken Matsuzawa President of International Friendship Exchange Council (FEC)

Ambassador H.E. Sujan R. Chinoy visit to the National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology

Ambassador H.E. Sujan R. Chinoy in Constitution Day Celebrations.

Ambassador H.E. Sujan R. Chinoy at High School Students Summit on “World Tsunami Awareness Day” in Kuroshio.